## PARAGON CONVENT SCHOOL CLASS-4 SOCIAL STUDIES CHAPTER- 6 THE COASTAL PLAINS AND THE ISLANDS SUMMARY

- The plain along the western coast is called the Western Coastal Plain. The plain along the eastern coast is called the Eastern Coastal Plain.
- The two plains meet at Kanniyakumari which is the southernmost tip of India.
- The Andaman and Nicobar Islands in the Bay of Bengal and the Lakshadweep Islands is the Arabian Sea, are the two main island groups of India.
- Parts of Gujarat, Maharashtra, Goa, Karnataka, Kerala, West Bengal, Odisha, Andhra Pradesh, Telangana and Tamil Nadu are covered by the two coastal plains.
- Important ports on the Western Coastal Plains are Mumbai, Kandla, Panaji and Mangalore.

## **> Write Short Answers:**

Q1: What is Chennai famous for?

Ans: Chennai is famous for its silk sarees.

Q2: What is a lagoon?

Ans: Salt water lake is called a lagoon.

Q3: What is a port? Name any two ports.

Ans: A port is a place where ships load or unload good and cargos. Mumbai and Chennai are the two ports.

Q4: Which state has the highest literacy rate in India?

Ans: Kerala has the highest literacy rate in India.

## Answer the following questions:

Q1: Where do the Western Coastal Plains lie? How many parts are they divided into?

Ans: The Western Coastal Plains lies between the Western Ghats and the Arabian Sea.

It is divided into three parts:

- 1. Gujarat Coast
- 2. Konkan Coast
- 3. Malabar Coast

Q2: Why is the coconut tree called 'the tree of wealth'?

Ans: The coconut tree is called 'the tree of

wealth' because all its parts are very useful. The coir from the coconut shell is used to make ropes, carpets and mats.

Q3: Why is Bombay High important? Ans: Bombay High is important because petroleum is found there.